Introduction

Object Orientated Programming in Java

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Outline

- What do we mean by Object Orientated Programming?
- Why Java?
- Structure of the Course
- Assessment/Marking
- Today's Practical
- Review/Discussion

Recommended Reading

 Introduction to Java Programming by Daniel Liang (Pearson Publishing)
 Ebook Available
 https://zjnu2017.github.io/OOP





Why Java?

Why Java?

- Incredible toolset
 - ▷ Large Community

Java is an Object Oriented language

- \triangleright internally embraces best practices
- ▷ promotes correct usage
- Ease of learning
 - After learning the basics you'll find that you can easily grab onto more advanced concepts
- Android adoption
- Scalable

Easier to Maintain, Cross-Platform, Optimized Performance

Lots of available jobs

Why use Object Orientated Programming Techniques?

Why use Object Orientated Programming Techniques?

- Sooner rather than later, you'll have to work with object-oriented code
- Modularity
- Scalability
- Frameworks
- Contributing to open source software
- Gives you various ways to think and solve problems
- More easily translate your programming skills into other Object-Oriented languages
- Become a more valuable developer

Question

A programming paradigm is a style, or "way", of approaching a problem to come up with a solution.

What are the two main programming paradigms?

Answer

Procedural and Object-Oriented

Assessment

- 1. Attendance and Participation:10%
- 2. Experiments: 40%;
- **3**. Examination: 50%.

Lessons

Topic and Teaching Aims	Lecture/Self-Study	Class Hours
01 Intro to Java (History/Facts/Features)	L	2 hrs
02 Java Basics (Grammar/Syntax)	L	4 hrs
03 Classed and Objects (Principles of Object-Oriented Programming)	L	4 hrs
04 Inheritance and Interface (Inheritance,multi-state,interface)	L	4 hrs
05 Internal classes and Exception (Internal classes/Exception handling)	L	2 hrs
06 GUI(Common components, Applications and Events Handling)	L/S	6 hrs
07 Common classes (Attributes and Operations of the Common Classes)	L/S	2 hrs
08 Database operation (Access and Operate Database)	L/S	4 hrs
09 Generic and collections (Concepts and Common Casses)	L/S	2 hrs
10 Java Multi-Threads (Multi-threading and Applications)	L/S	2 hrs
11 Network Programming (Sockets)	S	-
		Total 34

Practicals

Experiment project schedule

110.	Name	nours	Action (ve
1	IDE	2	Verifying
2	Java basics	4	Designing
3	Classes and objects	4	Designing
4	Inheritance and interface	4	Designing
5	Exception handling	2	Designing
6	Programming based on common classes	2	Designing
7	Programming on GUI	6	Designing
8	IO stream	2	Designing
9	Database	4	Designing
10	Multi-threads	2	Designing

Hours Action (Verifying/Synthetic/Designing)

Hands-On

- Hands-On Course
- Exciting & Challenging
- Practice/Work through Examples
- Experiment/Trial-and-Error
- Don't be afraid to make mistakes
- Learn by `DOING' (not just theory)

Contact

Questions/Issues

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Open Door Policy
Problems/Help
Within Reason

Question

■ Is Javascript the same as Java?

A. Yes B. No

Answer

(B) No Java is not to be confused with JavaScript

Today

Getting started with Java
 Writing/debugging simple programs

 "Hello World"

 IDE (Integrated Development Environment)

Steps

- 1. Work through Chapter 1
- 2. Setup Java

3. Compile & Run Simple Java Program

- Daniel Liang
 Description of the second se
- Command Prompt

4. IDE

⊳e.g., Eclipse (www.eclipse.org)

.java files

java files are txt files

 Edit in any text editor program

 Compile .java files to intermediate binary files for that the Java Virtual Machine can execute

 java -> .class files

Move to IDE to make it easier to manage your Java projects

 \triangleright Intel sense, spell-checking, ...

Basics

Class per Java file

Class name must match Java file name

▷E.g., class Test (Test.java)

Example Question

What is the output of this program fragment? Read it carefully!

```
String greet = "Hi";
String name = "Smedley";
String nickName = name.substring(0,4);
if (nickName == name.substring(0,4));
System.out.println("has real nickname");
else if (greet + name == greet + nickName)
System.out.println("no real nickname");
else
```

System.out.println("hmmm...changed names?");

- A. has real nickname
- B. no real nickname
- C. hmmm...changed names?
- D. it's one of the three lines given in A, B, and C above, we can't tell which one without running the program
- E. none, because there is at least one compile-time error

Answer

E. none, because there is at least one compile-time error

test.java:22: error: 'else' without 'if' else if (greet + name == greet + nickName)

۸

1 error

Summary

Overview of the Course/Plan

- Hands-On/Practical
- Assessment (Breakdown of Marks)
- Self Study (Can't learn from just attending)
- Today is about `Getting Started'

Questions/Discussion